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  5.5.11 Boundary Alterations
This map only shows the conservation area subject to this appraisal. In some cases other conservation areas adjoin the boundary so you should check with the Historic Environment Service if you need to know whether you are within a conservation area.

NB - This map cannot be used for the purposes of identifying whether or not a building is listed, as it is not a complete record. Buildings are added or removed from the list from time to time. Walls, outhouses and other structures in the curtilage of a principal listed building are also covered by listing designation, but are not shown here. Please consult the Historic Environment Service if you need to identify the listed status of a building or structure.
Boscaswell (now known as Lower Boscaswell) has an intimate relationship with its surrounding landscape lying a few hundred meters to the west of the main St Just – St Ives coast road, situated on the coastal plain between Pendeen and the sea.

Boscaswell was the original settlement focus in this area and remains a separate village with a locally typical settlement pattern, and because of the continuation of mining in the vicinity up until the end of 20th century went through a long period of continuous development and change. There are prehistoric settlement remains, a medieval holy well, buildings associated with post medieval farming and pre-19th century mining, as well as 19th century industrial housing, around all of which the conservation area is based.

The grain of the settlement has a pattern of parallel lines of development converging on the Iron Age settlement site. A few 17th /early 18th century buildings survive. During the industrial period individual cottages and rows appeared along the road on the north side of Boscaswell Lower Downs. There has been some loss of cottages in the hamlet centre, and examples where terraces have grown from single buildings, and single larger buildings may have once been multiple properties.

The granite and slate rows in the old hamlet form a good sequence stepping up the slope and are typically of a variety of single and double fronted cottages, but with additions and alterations, set within a good series of lanes and alleys. As the rows were built further out of the old settlement they became more regular and terrace like and show signs of more coherent development rather than informally connected rows of cottages.

The are some good surviving agricultural buildings within the settlement, and a good series of old walls, particularly those associated with the old Iron Age settlement at the west end of the conservation area and some good stone metalled tracks survive in places.

Views into the Conservation Area are perhaps best gained from the north where there is a almost completely harmonious sequence of cottages, farm buildings and rows forming a good cohesive group. Views from the south are dominated by the 20th century council housing. There are good views out of the conservation area towards Pendeen Watch, the settlements of Pendeen and Trewellard and to Geevor Mine which forms a dominant landscape feature.